

# THE MARTHA'S VINEYARD COMMISSION

DECISION OF THE MARTHA'S VINEYARD COMMISSION

AMENDING Designation of Old Coach Road

Special Way by Rescinding a Portion of the Designation

ISLAND ROAD DISTRICT OF CRITICAL PLANNING

CONCERN- SPECIAL WAYS ZONE IN THE TOWN OF

WEST TISBURY

July 16, 2015

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# DECISION OF THE MARTHA'S VINEYARD COMMISSION AMENDING THE BOUNDARY OF OLD COACH ROAD SPECIAL WAY IN THE TOWN OF WEST TISBURY BY RESCINDING A PORTION OF THE DESIGNATION

#### Section 1.00

As authorized by Chapter 831 of the Acts of 1977, as amended ("the Act"), the Martha's Vineyard Commission ("the Commission") hereby amends the boundary of the Old Coach Road Special Way as part of the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District of Critical Planning Concern by rescission of designation of a portion of the specific geographical area as hereafter described.

Sections 9 through 11 of the Act provide the on-going process for amending the boundaries, development guidelines and regulations of the District.

The Commission received a nomination from the West Tisbury Planning Board on February 5, 2015, nominating Old Coach Road for designation within the Special Way Zone of the Island Road District. At its meeting of February 19, 2015, the Commission accepted the nomination for consideration. The Commission held a public hearing on March 19, 2015, at the offices of the Martha's Vineyard Commission, 33 New York Avenue, Oak Bluffs, Massachusetts, on the proposed designation, after notice to the municipalities and notice required by the Act and Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 30A, section 2. The hearing was held as required by the Act to permit the Commission to receive testimony relating to whether it should designate specific geographical areas as part of the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District of Critical Planning Concern.

On March 19, 2015, the Commission voted to designate the Old Coach Road Special Way as nominated. All documents relating to the nominations and designation are on file at the Commission offices, Stone Building, 33 New York Avenue, Oak Bluffs, Massachusetts.

The West Tisbury Annual Town Meeting of April 28, 2015 voted to protect the Old Coach Road Special Way, but without a portion of the area nominated and designated, following a motion from the floor by the West Tisbury Planning Board to amend the boundary.

The Commission held a public hearing on June 4, 2015, at 7:05 p.m., at the offices of the Martha's Vineyard Commission, 33 New York Avenue, Oak Bluffs, Massachusetts, on the proposed rescission of a portion of the designation, after notice to the municipalities and notice required by the Act and Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 30A, section 2. The hearing was held as required by the Act to permit the Commission to receive testimony relating to whether it should rescind designation of specific

geographical areas within the Old Coach Road District as part of the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District of Critical Planning Concern. The hearing was opened on June 4 and continued after acceptance of written testimony from the Martha's Vineyard Land Bank in opposition to the rescission. The hearing was continued to July 16 in order to offer the Town opportunity to respond to the Land Bank's letter. On July 16, the continued hearing was concluded and closed. Following the hearing, the Commission voted in favor of rescission as requested.

## Section 2.00 Boundary As Amended by Rescission of a Portion of the Designated Area

Upon consideration of information submitted to it and pursuant to the Act and the Commission's standards and Criteria for Districts of Critical Planning Concern, adopted under the Act and appended hereto ("the Qualifications"), the Commission hereby rescinds designation of a portion of Old Coach Road as a Special Way within the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District, as follows:

To amend the boundary "Within twenty feet of either side of the centerline of Old Coach Road: Beginning at the intersection with Old Homes Hole Road a.k.a. Old Mail Road at the eastern corner of Assessors Map 16, lot 125.20 and proceeding southwesterly and westerly approximately 1,850 feet to the southwestern boundary of Assessors Map 16, Lot 118 between Lot 122 and Lot 123 of Assessors Map 16, Lot 16" as follows:

Replace 'and westerly approximately 1,850...' with "...and westerly approximately 1,450 feet to the southeastern boundary of Assessors Map 16, lot 118 at the juncture of lot 125.28."

This action rescinded designation of the portion of Old Coach Road Special Way passing through Map 16, Lot 118.

#### The amended boundary is as follows:

Within twenty feet of either side of the centerline of Old Coach Road: Beginning at the intersection with Old Homes Hole Road a.k.a. Old Mail Road at the eastern corner of Assessors Map 16, lot 125.20 and proceeding southwesterly and westerly approximately 1,450 feet to the southeastern boundary of Assessors Map 16, Lot 118 at the juncture of lot 125.28.

The Commission has prepared a descriptive map for the general information of the public and municipalities. The boundaries of the Old Coach Road Special Way, however, are as set forth above in this Decision and shall control over any map.

The boundaries, as amended, conform to the General Qualifications for all Districts. Regarding the Need for Designation, the Commission finds that the lands therein reasonably belong within the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District. Lands in these

Ways are a critical area, and the Commission finds that this area needs special protection afforded by the Act. The area designated is a logical planning area and is suitable for regulation by the Town's Special Ways regulations. Finally, the Commission finds that the boundaries of the Designation, as amended, are both convenient and recognizable.

#### Section 3.00 Why the Area was Designated as Amended

When making a Designation or Amendment, Section 9 of the Act requires the Commission to specify why the area is of critical concern to the region, the problems associated with uncontrolled or inappropriate development, and the advantages to be gained by the development of the area in a controlled manner.

The Commission specifically finds that lands within the way, as amended, are essential to preserve the historic and cultural values of Martha's Vineyard. Moreover, the Commission finds that the area possesses unique historical significance. The Commission finds that development within the Way must be controlled to prevent harm to Island residents and visitors.

The nomination notes: These are visible remnants of the Island's history prior to the advent of motor vehicles. The narrow ways are often marked by depressions — even surrounding flat land — from many decades of use. The names of some of the ways are reminders of places, persons or even events of the past. The Town of West Tisbury needs to protect these ancient paths and byways for foot and hoof passage from one part of town to another and from one town to another. All … of these roads appear in maps from the 1800's.

In considering the problems of inappropriate or uncontrolled development within the Road District, the Commission finds that so important are these lands and the values they create and support, because of their historical and cultural elements, that to maintain and enhance the health and general welfare of Island residents and visitors, and for present and future generations, special development controls within the Ways must be employed.

The nomination notes that Old Coach Road particularly...shows an example of how uncontrolled or inappropriate development can alter the character or even eliminate evidence of the route. With increased vehicle use, the surfaces of these pre-automobile paths get widened, graded and stabilized with hardening materials to the extent they become just another very serviceable dirt road. Additional blockage of portions of these ways would further compromise the free flow of foot and hoof passage on these ways. Their loss would be irreplaceable.

In considering the advantages to be gained by development in a controlled manner, the Commission finds that development which conforms to the regulations established pursuant to the Guidelines

adopted in the Island Road District Decision will contribute much to solving the problems of uncontrolled or inappropriate development.

The nomination notes Advantageous development would be that which, through careful locations of driveways and the use of alternative vehicle access points when available, maintains the character of the ways and their immediate surroundings by minimizing additional vehicular use of the ways, retains natural vegetation alongside the ways, and would prevent the ways being blocked.

The Qualifications require the Commission to address itself to the need for designation. To that end, the Commission finds there exists a regional need for special regulations and planning to protect the way as amended from damage and loss resulting from inappropriate development. The Commission specifically finds that the present public and private regulations cannot assure protection, and that damage to the land will be a substantial loss to the region or to two or more towns. The Commission notes in rescission of a small portion of the March 19 designation that the West Tisbury Annual Town Meeting of April 28 voted that only the area as amended is appropriate for regulation by the Town's bylaw protecting the Special Ways Zone of the Island Road District of Critical Planning Concern.

#### Section 4.00 What Kind of District

Section 9 of the Act permits the Commission to designate a District only in accordance with the Standards and Criteria approved under the Act. Such a District may be designated only for one or more of the following:

- a) an area which possesses unique natural, historical, ecological, scientific, or cultural resources of regional or statewide significance;
- b) an area which possesses marginal soil or topographic conditions which render it unsuitable for intense development; or
- c) an area significantly affected by, or having significant impact on, an existing or proposed major public facility or other area of major public investment. "

The Ways qualify under the Specific Qualification Cultural or Historic Resource District as described herein:

#### 4.11 Cultural and Historic District: Special Ways

Special Ways are a rare or unique resource and make an unusual contribution to the character of the Island for various reasons, often depending on the particular way. In general terms, they include, but are not limited to, roads which have been virtually abandoned or left to infrequent use. They are usually unimproved, narrow, and rustic, and generally are not committed to major vehicular travel. They also trace back to the Island's early history, including, in some cases, its pre-colonial history. The most ancient Special Ways are among the last vestiges of the historical travel network of Martha's Vineyard. may provide archeological resources, or means of retracing historic accounts and development. In some cases, the ways are tied to early trades. Some Special Ways were laid out by the early Proprietors in the course of dividing commonly owned land into individually owned lots. Some Special Ways, whether or not so laid out, are referenced in early deeds for purposes of describing property boundaries and locations. They are literally paths that take us back through the history of life on the island.

Because of their ties to the Island's past, Special Ways may have an exceptional historic, cultural or symbolic importance. The visual character of these ways is crucial to this importance. To retain this importance, however, they must not be altered in a manner that destroys their essential character. If a special way were destroyed, its replication would take extraordinary effort and expense, and in all events such replication would lack most of the historic, cultural and symbolic significance it once embodied.

For the above reasons, Special Ways are unique historical, archaeological, symbolic and cultural resources of regional and statewide significance, and may include places, landscapes, ways and views which are especially expressive of the character of the Island, the traditions of its residents, and what makes the Island of special interest to its visitors.

In terms of their present and potential use, including recreational use, the Special Ways vary in their nature. In some cases, they provide or allow for public access to a way, including as dedicated public ways, statutory private ways, common scheme ways, or otherwise. In other cases, a special way may be a private way accessible only to

the landowner or easement holders, which may be few or many. The status of the way as public, private, subject to easements, and who holds what rights therein, often involves determinations based on complicated legal principles. This determination of the status is not necessary to a special way designation, nor does the Commission's designation affect the status. Special Ways accessible to some or all members of the public offer an opportunity to experience the Island by slower means of transportation, such as walking, horse-back riding, or bicycling. Those Special Ways that are private, as well as those whose status is in doubt, may at some point in the future be made accessible through landowner agreements, court determinations, and other means, at which time they would provide recreational benefits, provided that their character had been preserved and protected. Thus, regardless of whether such ways are wholly private or subject to public rights of access, this is clearly a case where proper development guidelines at this time could preserve the character of old ways while enhancing them for existing or potential use by Island residents and visitors.

Regarding Old Coach Road in particular, the nomination notes that Old Coach Road connected Holmes Hole (Vineyard Haven) with North Tisbury where there was a post office in the 19th and early part of the 20th centuries. The way was a public route for the delivery of the mails. More than two-thirds of the former route has been incorporated into modern roads servicing the Island Farms subdivision and the Town's landfill (Old Stage Road) or have been otherwise developed over. It is the remainder that passes through undeveloped land, linking Island Farms to Old Homes Hole Road (a.k.a. Old Mail Road) that is designated a Special Way.

#### Section 5.00 Guidelines

The Commission adopted the following guidelines ("the Guidelines") for the development of the Road District. In adopting the Guidelines, the Commission has evaluated each of the considerations enumerated by Section 9 of the Act and, in addition, has considered other relevant matters.

Towns shall, in the manner required by the Act, adopt (or have adopted) regulations which at a minimum comply with these Guidelines for the development of the Road District. Each town may adopt such regulations under zoning, subdivision, health general by-law or any combination of such authorities it deems best suited for the purpose. The Commission draws the towns' attention to Section 11 of the Act which in part provides, "In adopting such regulations, each municipality shall have all of the powers it otherwise had under the General Laws." The Commission also encourages municipalities to adopt compatible regulations within the Road District.

#### ISLAND ROAD DISTRICT GUIDELINES

The amended Goals and Guidelines apply prospectively to town regulations adopted after February 9, 2012. Existing town regulations that the Commission has determined conform to prior Island Road DCPC Goals and Guidelines are grandfathered and remain in full force and effect. (amended 2012)

#### GOALS:

- A. Major Road Zone: Allow for safe access and travel along the roads. Protect the visual character, diversity of landscape and historic features of the journey along the roads, and maintain and enhance the state road system as a major public facility.
- B. Special Ways Zone (as amended 2012):

  To protect the existing character of Special Ways for all of the reasons set forth in Section 4.12 (Cultural and Historic District: Special Ways) and to retain the view of landscapes abutting these ways by preventing the injurious effects that accompany development of the way as a primary vehicular route. Therefore, new vehicular access should be on new rights-of-way, thus preserving the Special Ways for alternative forms of transportation.

#### SECTION I: ESTABLISHMENT OF GUIDELINES

- 1. As used herein the words "development", "permit", "regulations" shall have the same meaning as in the Act.
- 2. The town shall adopt regulations of the types described in the Act as appropriate conforming to these Guidelines to control development within the Island Road District
- 3. In appropriate cases, after notice and a Public Hearing, the Martha's Vineyard Commission may permit a town to adopt regulations which are less restrictive than these Guidelines if the Commission finds that such regulations will carry out the purposes of the Act and intent of these Guidelines for the District.
- 4. These Guidelines may be amended by the Commission after notice to the towns and notice and a Public Hearing in the manner required by the Act.
- 5. Unless otherwise stated in these Guidelines, the regulations adopted pursuant to these Guidelines

in no way alter the process for referral and review of Developments of Regional Impact according to the Act and the Criteria and Standards of the Commission.

#### SECTION II: ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONES IN THE ROAD DISTRICT The

Road District shall consist of two zones, as follows:

- 1. The Major Road Zone
- 2. The Special Ways Zone, henceforth to include Old Coach Road

#### SECTION III: GUIDELINES APPLICABLE IN BOTH ZONES

- A. No stone wall shall be moved, removed, or otherwise altered, except for repair, except by a Special Permit
- B. Any additional vehicular access to the public road must be at least 1,000 feet, measured on the same side of the road from any other vehicular access, unless this rule prevents at least one access to a contiguous piece of land now in separate ownership. In the latter case, that contiguous land will be allowed a single access. No land shall in the future be divided (or sold) so as to require more points of access than permitted above.
- C. Since it is the intent of the Commission to protect the diversity and the visual and historic character of the Island as seen from its major roads, towns are encouraged to propose for Commission approval additional regulations to that end, fitted to the diverse character of the roadsides. Such rules may include among other devices such rules as, varying setbacks, guides on clearing or planting, rules for signs or utilities or for the character of vehicular entries (driveways), plan review procedures for key locations, and measures to preserve important views. It is the further intent of the Commission to revise and develop flexible, Island-wide rules of this kind in the future, in accordance with the experience gained by the application of these special town regulations.
- D. Land upon which there are suitable conservation restrictions in effect and perpetual which meet with the standards set up by the Commission to insure the lasting protection of the land and water necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act and the Guidelines shall, if found to meet or exceed these standards, be exempt from regulations pursuant to the Guidelines once the conservation restriction is approved by the Commission.

### SECTION V: SPECIAL GUIDELINES FOR THE SPECIAL WAYS ZONE (as amended 2012)

#### A. Development Guidelines

The Commission finds that these measures are necessary to preserve the historic, archaeological, symbolic, and cultural character of the Special Ways, including, in appropriate instances, their character as primarily for non-motorized forms of transportation. As used herein, the terms "development" and "development permit" are as defined in Chapter 637 of the Acts of 1974 or Chapter 831 of the Acts of 1977, both as amended, which shall together hereafter be referred to as the "Acts").

- 1. No way or road shall be constructed or expanded within the Special Ways Zone which exceeds a width of twelve (12) feet.
- 2. No fences, walls, or structures shall be erected, placed or constructed within twenty (20) feet of the centerline of the Special Way, except that lesser setbacks for fences or stone walls may be allowed on abutting lots of less than one acre in size, taking into account such factors as height, transparency, materials and natural screening to prevent creation of a narrow, visually confined effect; in which case the town shall demonstrate that its regulations allowing such lesser setbacks are consistent with the purpose of this guideline. (See also Section 5.III.A regarding stone walls.)
- 3. Every attempt shall be made to retain a surface of indigenous sand, clay, grass and/or gravel.
- 4. No special way shall be paved with any impervious material.

#### B. Uses Within the Special Ways Zone

#### 1. Permitted Uses.

Any use permitted by the applicable town zoning district, provided that either of the following conditions are met:

The development does not result in direct vehicular access to the Special Way, or

The Special Way meets one or more of the following criteria as determined by the Planning Board

- (a) the Special Way is identified as having provided the vehicular access for a specific development approved for a development permit prior to the Commission's acceptance of the special way nomination, provided that the development permit for such development is in effect at the time of development; or
- (b) the Special Way is identified as the only legal means of vehicular access for a development or a use allowed as of right prior to the Commission's acceptance of the special way nomination (e.g., an easement over the special way provided the sole access to a landowner's property); or
- (c) the Special Way is identified as having been routinely traveled by motor vehicles prior to the Commission's acceptance of the special way nomination and the continued vehicular use is of the same nature and extent as that which existed prior to such acceptance.
- 2. Uses allowed by Special Permit.

Any use permitted by the applicable town zoning district which results in direct vehicular access to the Special Way

- 3. Uses Not Permitted.
  - i. Any development within forty (40) feet of a special place of historic value as listed on the Special Places Register of the Commission.
  - ii. Paving with any impervious material such as bituminous concrete or asphalt.

#### SECTION VI: ADMINISTRATION

#### Procedures for Applying for and Issuing Special Permits

- a) Each town shall adopt regulations which assign special permit granting authority to one or more municipal boards, or as permitted by law (see MGL, Chapter40A) and which define information including maps, studies, and reports to be submitted with any application for a special permit.
- b) Any special permit granting authority shall consider the goals of the Guidelines and the District's purposes and it shall grant a permit only if it finds that the proposed Development is consistent with the goals of the District and the Regulations and assures protection against adverse environmental effect including:

- 1. Pollution of surface or ground water or of water bodies;
- 2. salt-water intrusion of public or private domestic water supply wells;
- 3. inadequate water supply to meet the anticipated demand of the proposed activity or use or reduction of or interference with water supply available to other properties;
- 4. air and noise pollution;
- 5. destruction of wildlife habitats and damage to wetlands or littoral ecology;
- 6. damage to marine fisheries and shellfish;
- 7. unnecessary decrease in agricultural uses or potential productivity of land;
- 8. unnecessary interruption of the visual amenities of the site by construction which is not in harmony with the landscape type;
- 9. erosion resulting from or caused by development;
- 10. deleterious impacts of development on the state road system.
  - c) In granting a special permit, the special permit granting authority shall impose such conditions and safe-guards as it deems appropriate.
  - d) The special permit granting authority shall adopt rules and regulations regarding the conduct of its business.

BY VOTE OF THE MARTHA'S VINEYARD COMMISSION July 16, 2015, CONFIRMED BY WRITTEN DECISION September 10, 2015

FRED J. HANCOCK, CHAIRMAN

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

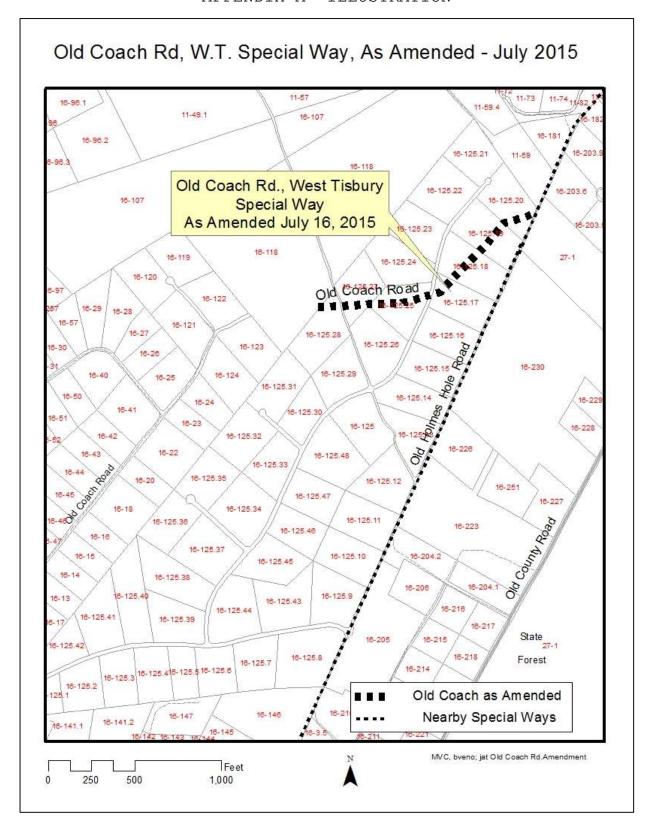
County of Dukes County, Mass.

On this 10 th day of Sept	ember, 2015	_, before me,			
Jo-Ann Taylor, th	he undersigned Notary Pu	blic, personally			
appeared Fred J. Hancock	, proved to me throug	h satisfactory evidence of			
identity, which was/were driver's	license	to be the			
person(s) whose name(s) was/were signed on the preceding or attached document in my					
presence, and who swore or affirmed to me the	hat the contents of the doc	cument are truthful and			
accurate to the best of his/her/their knowledg	ge and belief.				

Signature of Notary Public

Printed Name of Notary

My Commission Expires



OLD COACH ROAD SPECIAL WAY AS AMENDED JULY 16, 2015

#### APPENDIX B

#### CRITICAL PLANNING DISTRICT QUALIFICATIONS

#### 1.00 GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS FOR ALL DISTRICTS

#### 1.10 NEED FOR DESIGNATION

There must be a regional need for special regulations or planning to protect the district from damage or losses by inappropriate development. The Commission shall find:

- 1.101 that present public or private regulations in a substantial part of the district cannot assure protection: and
- 1.102 that damage to the district or impediments to proper development will be a substantial loss to the region or to two or more towns.

#### 1.20 SIZE AND SHAPE OF DISTRICT

The district shall consist of the land and water which reasonably belong in the district for the three following reasons:

- 1.201 It is the critical area or critical resource which is in need of protection.
- 1.202 It is the logical planning area which should be considered in adopting a coordinated system of regulations to protect the critical resource or critical area.
- 1.203 The dimensions or landmarks which form the boundary of the district are convenient and recognizable.

#### 2.00 SPECIFIC QUALIFICATIONS

#### 2.10 DRINKING WATER RESOURCE DISTRICT

The district is important to the protection of a regional aquifer, watershed, aquifer recharge zone or surface water supply with the following considerations:

- 2.101 Development or waste disposal without special regulations in the district could endanger the quality or quantity of the water.
- 2.102 Studies or expert advice indicate that the designation and regulation of the district could be effective in protecting the quality or quantity of water, and that, since public health, safety and welfare are paramount, special precaution should be taken.

#### 2.20 FISHING RESOURCE DISTRICT

The water body in the district is particularly well suited for the production of shell or fin fish or can be made productive through good management and improvements.

#### 2.30 FARMING RESOURCE DISTRICT

The district includes areas particularly suited now and in the future for sustaining or augmenting the Island's food supply or other agriculture. The district must have one or more of the following characteristics:

- 2.301 The district is generally being farmed or can be converted to farming conveniently relative to other areas on the Island.
- 2.302 Land ownerships within the district are generally of adequate size to support farming.
- 2.303 Soil, climate and topography are well suited for farming.

#### 2.40 WILDLIFE, NATURAL, SCIENTIFIC OR ECOLOGICAL RESOURCE DISTRICT

The district contains an important and identifiable wildlife, natural, scientific or ecological resource. This would include but not be limited to special plant and animal life and their habitats, as well as unusual geological features, and is critical because development may disrupt the ecological balance.

#### 2.50 CULTURAL OR HISTORIC RESOURCE DISTRICT

The district contains a place, landscape, way or view which is in some special way expressive of the character of the Island, traditions of the Island residents, and of special interest to Island visitors. The maintenance and protection of those values is essential to a sound local economy. The district also:

- 2.501 is of exceptional symbolic or recreational importance to the residents of more than one town and is either visible or accessible to them or can reasonably be made so; or
- 2.502 is rare, unique, or makes an unusual contribution to the diversity of the Island character; or
- 2.503 is irreplaceable, or replaceable only with extraordinary effort or expense.
- 2.504 Subject to the above general tests, designations may be considered for areas which are important for their connection with the history of the region-including its geological history or the history of its Indian settlement-or which symbolize and support the traditional activities and ways of Island life, or which give us a particular understanding of the Vineyard lands and their setting in the sea. These include places which

present opportunities for hunting and fishing and the enjoyment of wildlife.

#### 2.60 ECONOMIC OR DEVELOPMENT RESOURCE DISTRICT

The district will include areas which have special potential for providing employment or housing for Island residents, or for accepting necessary development which might be detrimental in other locations. The district must also:

- 2.601 require special regulations to create, preserve or enhance that potential, and
- 2.602 be better suited or more readily available for the facility or development than other areas of the Island, considering topography, utilities, costs and environmental and social impact; and
- 2.603 have adequate access, preferably from a regional feeder road.

#### 2.70 MAJOR PUBLIC INVESTMENT DISTRICT

The district will include areas which have a significant impact on an existing or possible future major public investment or areas which are significantly affected by such an investment. In addition, the district must qualify as follows:

- 2.701 The district pertains to a major public investment as defined in Chapter 831 as amended, and may include airports, highways, schools, parks, beaches, preserves, public utilities and medical facilities owned or operated by a Federal, state or county agency, or by a quasi-public or charitable non-profit agency; and
- 2.702 the intended use or operation of the public investment or the health, safety and welfare of the public could be impaired by improper development in the district.

#### 2.80 HAZARDOUS DISTRICT

It is an area which possesses hazards due to marginal soil or topographic conditions which render it unsuitable for intense development. Factors to be considered include: Flooding, waste treatment, groundwater, erosion, construction problems, salt water intrusion and pollution.

#### References and Documents

Chapter 831 of the Acts of 1977 as amended
Guidance on Nomination and Designation of Districts of Critical Planning Concern
Nomination by West Tisbury Planning Board received February 5, 2015
Vote of West Tisbury Planning Board February 5, 2015
Public Hearing Notice 2015-03-19
Staff notes for public hearing 2015-03-19
Staff notes for February 19, 2015 Acceptance of Nomination
Public Hearing Notice 2015-06-04 continued to 2015-07-16
Staff notes for June 4, 2015
Staff notes for July 16, 2015

#### Correspondence

Martha's Vineyard Land Bank - June 4, 2015 West Tisbury Planning Board - July 7, 9, 2015 Rez Williams, West Tisbury Byways Committee - July 9, 2015 E-mails between WTPB Chair and Jo-Ann Taylor Cynthia Aguilar et al - July 13, 2015